

${}^7\text{Li}({}^{18}\text{O}, {}^{17}\text{N}){}^8\text{Be}$ REACTION AND THE ${}^{17}\text{N} + {}^8\text{Be}$ -POTENTIAL

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Angular distributions of the ${}^7\text{Li}({}^{18}\text{O}, {}^{17}\text{N}){}^8\text{Be}$ reaction were measured for the transitions to the ground states of ${}^8\text{Be}$ and ${}^{17}\text{N}$ and excited states of ${}^{17}\text{N}$ at the energy $E_{\text{lab}}({}^{18}\text{O}) = 114$ MeV. The data were analyzed with coupled-reaction-channels method for one- and two-step transfers of nucleons and clusters. In the analysis, the ${}^7\text{Li} + {}^{18}\text{O}$ potential deduced in the analysis of the elastic ${}^7\text{Li} + {}^{18}\text{O}$ -scattering data as well as shell-model spectroscopic amplitudes of transferred nucleons and clusters were used. Parameters of the ${}^8\text{Be} + {}^{17}\text{N}$ potential were deduced using the reaction data. Contributions of different one- and two-step transfers in the ${}^7\text{Li}({}^{18}\text{O}, {}^{17}\text{N}){}^8\text{Be}$ reaction cross-section was studied.

Keywords: nuclear reactions, optical model, coupled-reaction-channels method, folding-model, spectroscopic amplitudes, optical potentials, reaction mechanisms.