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THE ${}^6\text{Li}({}^{18}\text{O}, {}^{17}\text{O}){}^7\text{Li}$ REACTION MECHANISMS AND ${}^7\text{Li} + {}^{17}\text{O}$ POTENTIAL

Angular distributions of the ${}^6\text{Li}({}^{18}\text{O}, {}^{17}\text{O}){}^7\text{Li}$ reaction were measured at $E_{\text{lab}}({}^{18}\text{O}) = 114$ MeV for ground and excited states of exit nuclei. The data were analyzed within the coupled-reaction-channels method (CRC). The ${}^6\text{Li} + {}^{18}\text{O}$ elastic and inelastic scattering channels as well as the simplest one- and two-step reactions were included in the coupled-reaction-channels scheme. In CRC calculations, the ${}^6\text{Li} + {}^{18}\text{O}$ potential with parameters deduced from the elastic scattering data, was used for the entrance reaction channel. The spectroscopic amplitudes of nucleons and clusters were calculated within the translational-invariant shell model. The ${}^7\text{Li} + {}^{17}\text{O}$ potential parameters were deduced by fitting ${}^6\text{Li}({}^{18}\text{O}, {}^{17}\text{O}){}^7\text{Li}$ reaction data. Isotopic differences of the ${}^7\text{Li} + {}^{17}\text{O}$, ${}^7\text{Li} + {}^{18}\text{O}$ and ${}^7\text{Li} + {}^{16}\text{O}$ potential, as well as the reaction mechanisms are studied.

Keywords: heavy-ion reactions, coupled-reaction-channels method, spectroscopic amplitudes, optical potentials, reaction mechanisms.