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MATHEMATICAL DEPENDENCE FOR THE $^{137}\mathrm{Cs}$ CONCENTRATION IN SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL AND ITS USING FOR EXPERIMENTAL DATA PROCESSING

The 137 Cs behavior during burn up for VVER and RBMK fuel were analyzing. Mathematical dependence for the 137 Cs concentration from fuel burn up in the form of c_{137} [kg/t(U)] = 3,9 \cdot 10⁻⁵ $\cdot e^{-\lambda_{137}\tau} \cdot \overline{burn}$ [MW \cdot day/t(U)] is obtained. The formula's calculation results on 137 Cs concentration were compared with ORIGEN and STURBUCS of SCALE-5 computer codes system calculations with some RBMK-1000 fuel experimental data. Using offered dependence the RBMK experimental samples cooling time were founded and isotopic compositions calculations were made with proper cooling time. Difference on some isotopes between calculation and experimental data were reducing.

Keywords: fuel burnup, ¹³⁷Cs, mathematical dependence, VVER, RBMK, fuel assembly, isotopes compositions, spent nuclear fuel.