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CONFIGURATION TRANSITIONS OF DIVACANCIES IN SILICON AND GERMANIUM

High-resistance samples p-Si ($p_0 = (1.63 - 7.09) \cdot 10^{11} \text{ cm}^{-3}$) and n-Si ($n_0 = 1.19 \cdot 10^{14} \text{ cm}^{-3}$), grown by the floating zone melting after irradiation with fast neutron reactor at 320 °C after isothermal and isochronal annealing were studied. The energy levels of divacancy in three charge states, depending on its configuration are determined. Values of the energy levels of divacancies and A - center after their modification background impurities are considered.

Keywords: silicon, germanium, fast neutron, divacancy.